### ALEXIEFF'S JOKE.

laps Say the Story About Destroying Their Boats Is Untrue.

(By Associated Press.)
TOTIO March 14.-Vicetoy Alexteff's
mort mating that a Japanese torpedo
heat destroyer was sunk and the cruser
Takasago heavily damaged by the shell
fire of the Russians during the fourth
attack on Port Arthur is officially prondunced untrue. The damaged Japanese
torpedo boat destroyers can be repaired
in the week, and it will not be necessary
to dock them.

## NAILS JAPANESE REPORT.

The Russians Stoutly Deny the Abandonment of Port

(By Associated Press.) (By Associated Press.)

ST. PETERBURG, March 14.—Noon.—
There is no truth in the rumors that the Russians have abandoned Port Arthur.
Admiral Abase, secretary of the commission on Far Eastern affairs, authorizes the Associated Press to deny the stery. He says the situation at Port Arthur is unchanged, and that nothing of importance has occurred there in the last twenty-four hours.

## Port Arthur Captured?

(By Associated Press.)
WEI-HAI-WEI, March 14.—The Japansse here report that Fort Arthur has been
saptured.

### CAPTURED GUN COTTON.

Russian General Reports Attack on Japanese Cavalry

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PETERBURG, March 14.—General Zülinski telegraphs as follows under yesterday's date:

"On March 7th our patrol discovered four of the enemy's posts on the Chong-Cheng-Ang River and a troop of cavalry acting as scouts near Patetchen northwest of Anju. A Japanese cavalry patrol fell into an ambuscade prepared by our patrol, and were dispersed, losing one killed. The Japanese left behind them a quantity of sun cotton and some swords and blankets.

"The population in Manchuria is quiet. "On the right of March 11th the enemy's ships explored Helena Bay and the shore opposite Senutchine with search-lights.

lights.

"According to information which has been verified the Japanese have not made any attacks north of Gensan.

"The population along the Tumen River is favorable to us."

### NORFOLK AND WESTERN FIGHTS TIDEWATER

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) (Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

EGANOKE, VA., March 14.—The Nor26M and Western showed its hand in a
fight against the Tidewater Railroad in
the City Council to-night. Having cut
the Tidewater people out of the southern
bank of the Roanoke River by building
a belt line occupying the entire passage,
the citisens went to work to secure a
right of way on the northern bank in the
city limits, and the City Council was
saked to give right of way through the
fish farm owned by the city.

Norfolk and Western, appeared before City Council and asked, by request of Prescity Council and asked, by request of Fresident Johnson that matter be postponed for a week. President James D. Johnson, of the City Council, an attorney of the company, and rallroad employemember of the body, led the fight for postponement, and won by a vote of 11 to 7.

People are indigment and look upon the

11 to 7.

People are indigment and loss upon the move as another attempt of the Norfolk and Western to keep the Tidewater road out of the city.

## Dr. Gardner's Lecture.

CAPITAL

Dr. Gardner S Lecture.

Rev. Dr. C. S. Gardner will lecture to-night at the Leigh Street Baptist sight against Jim Sparks, the negro who smarked Gane-Racy's window the other cruiser Monigomery, which ran into light in the Far East." The lecture will be "Might Against Bight in the Far East." The lecture will be cruised and promises to be one of special interest.

Another warrant was sworn out last (By Associated Press.)

PENSACOLA, FLA., March 14.—The cruiser Monigomery, which ran into might smashing the window of Bachrach's parabology and the promises and other small articles.



THE COAT for all kinds of weather, and for all times of day or night, made from riestlay's gravenette inde-

Hats as serviceable as the coats. Our \$8.00 Derby is not injured by a good, hard, clean

(O·H·BERRY&CO)

MEN & BOYS' OUTFITTERS.

WARRANTS

Chief Justice Waller Clark Or-

ders Arrest of Receiver and

Complainant Stockholder.

ON A SERIOUS CHARGE

Affidavit of Attorney-General of

Conspiracy by Getting Possession and Impoverishing Road.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 14.-Chief Juslice Waller Clark, of the North Carolina Supreme Court, to-day issued bench

McBes, receiver for the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad, and K. S. the complaint stockholder on whose complaint Juge Purnell appointed McBee receiver. The warrant is on af-

fidavit of Attorney-General Gilmer

charging conspiracy to defraud the

State by getting possession of and im-

poverishing the Atlantic anl North Car-

lina Railroad. It is returnable before Chief Justice Clark at 11 o'clock, and

was served on Receiver McBee by the sheriff of Craven county at 6 o'clock this

A special from Newbern says Captain McBee and the sheriff left on a special train for Raleigh and will arrive toright. ON THE WAY.

The managers of the Western Union

The managers of the Western Union and Postal Tolegraph Companies and Captain W. H. Dey, chief counsel for Finch in the Federal Court receivership proceeding, which is set for a Fearing before Judges Simonton and Purnell Thursday, are among the witnesses that the State has summoned to appear before large Cark to morrow morning.

WITNESSES SUMMONED.

Window Smasher.

TWO BENCH

Governor Importuned Not to Approve Measure Relating to Corporations Franchise Tax.

## WOULD CUT DOWN REVENUE

Large Corporations Might Issue Bonds in Lieu of Stock and Avoid Franchise Tax.

The action of Governor Montague in the matter of approving or disapproving the House bill, to extend the time for the assessment of the franchise tax on corporations is being awaited with a great deal of interest by many of those familiar with the terms of the bill and its possible effects. The measure was rushed through in the closing days of the scasion without a general appreciation or understanding of its effect.

It was stated yesterday that the Governor had been urged by members of the General Assembly to veto the bill and thus provent the financial loss to the State that would result from its approval and its operation.

its operation.
What the Bill Provides. What the Bill Provides.

The bill permits corporations in this State to reduce their capital stock between now and May 1st and would thereby have the effect of greatly reducing the amount derived in the form of franchise tax from these big companies. One gentleman, who has read the bill carefully and considered its provision, expressed the belief that the bill, if allowed to become operative, would reduce the revenue from franchise taxation from \$100,000 to 175,000, and might even exceed that sum. Under its terms corporations may call in all their capital stock or very much of it and issue bonds in stead, the bonds not being liable for the franchise tax.

What Its Purpose Is.

What Its Purpose Is.

When the bill was under discussion in the Senate, it was explained that its purpose was to enable those companies chartered in this State under the old Constitution with enormous maximum capital stock authorized, to reduced the maximum and thus relieve themselves of the burden of excessive franchise taxation. It was stated that a coal company organized with an authorized capital of \$30,000,000 and an intercontinental railway corporation chartered with a capital stoc unauthorized of \$100,000,000 were the chief beneficiaries of the proposed statute. Their actual capital was much less than the figures named, but unless they were allowed to secure a reassessment on the basis of actual capital, it would be ruinous to them.

There are those, however, who see in the measure vast possibilities and the desire that the bill be vetoed, comes from this class. What Its Purpose Is.

## VIRGINIA...

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

(COMORN, VA. March 14.—The annual exodus of colored laborers from this section to the North has begun, and by the middle or last or next week the farmers here will be unable to employ labor for any purpose.

WILSON, VA.—Mr. J. C. Hawthorne, a merchant at this place, has sold his entire stock of goods to Mr. Lee Winn and Mr. Dillard West, who will conduct a general mercantile business here in the future. Mr. Hawthorne has two sawmills in operation, and will give his attention to the lumber business in the future.

WILSON, VA.—A representative of the maintenance and enactment into statutory law of the price manual thought for the maintenance and enactment into statutory law of the price manual transportation of the manual to salve distributions to the amended hacken plan. Mr. Thomas objected strongly to the privision in the House amendment permitting any person to enter the booth with the voter, believing that it opened the door wide to fraud and the five maintenance and enactment into statutory law of the price manual transportation only spoked gainst, but unequivocally declared his objections to the amended hacken plan. Mr. Thomas objected strongly to the privision in the House amendment permitting any person to enter the booth with the voter, believing that it opened the door wide to fraud and the intervention of the wide has a to the privision in the House amendment permitting any person to enter the booth with the voter, believing that it opened the door wide to fraud and the intervention of the wide his objections to the amendment permitting any person to enter the booth with the voter, believing that it opened the door wide to fraud and the foliation of the manual by spoked gainst. Thomas objected his objections to the amendment permitting any person to enter the booth with the voter, believing that it opened the door wide to fraud and the foliation in the House amendment permitting any person to enter the booth with the voter, believing t

mills in operation, and will give his attention to the lumber business in the future.

MEHERRIN, VA—A representative of the H. J. Heinz Pickle Company was here a few days ago for the purpose of establishing a pickle station. It is quite a great benefit to the farmers in this section.

STAUNTON, VA.—Mr. A. C. Braxton, of this city, has been selected by the about a solution of this city, has been selected by the about a solution of this city, has been selected by the about a solution of this city, has been selected by the about a solution of this city, has been selected by the about a solution of this city, has been selected by the about a solution of this city, has been selected by the about a solution of the selections of the measure. None of these nor all of them combined would have been sufficient to cause him to vote against the bill, but the opportunity for fraud created by the amendments, did, and make it worse than none at all. Mr. Thomas is also opposed to the provision in the bill leaving the expense of candidacy upon the candidates. He believes at their annual inter-collegiate debate, to be held at Princeton on the evening of March 5th.

BOYLER'S WHARF, VA.—The steamer Caroline, of the Weems Line, which has been undergoing repairs and general overhauling during the winter months, resumed to-cay her tri-weekly trips between Urbanna and Fredericksburg, on the Rappahannock River.

CRUISER MONTGOMERY

RIINS INTO THE MID

In that form there were about the mean del of the meaning the would have been sulficient to cause him to vote against the bill, but the opportunity for fraud created by the amendments, did, the bill and created by the amended by the amended and make it worse than none at all. Mr. Thomas is also opposed to the provision in the bill and make it worse than none at all. Mr. Thomas i WITNESSES SUMMONED.

In connection with Federal Court hearing there were filed to-day in the Federal Court two orders by Judge Charles H. Simonton for witnesses to be summoned for the complainant in the case of J. S. Finch vs. the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad, also an order that the complainant be allowed to amend complaint. The order for the summons of witnesses is on declaration by the complainant that certain persons whose evidence is important refuse to give affidavits regarding the road.

The hearing in the McBee receivership fight is to come up Thursday, the 17th.

## RUNS INTO THE MUD

ination revealed the fact that she was not injured in the least. The vessel weighed anchor Sunday afternoon to proceed to the navy yard, but when about halt way ran into a dense bank of fog. She left the channel soon afterwards, and before the officers relaized their surroundings she had grounded on the north bank of the point, near the beach, and about a mile from the channel proper.

## TWO INDICTMENTS AGAINST JIM M'DONALD

BEDFORD, IND., March 14.—A grand jury to-day returned two indictments against James McDonald, in connection with the murder of Miss Sarah Schafer. One indictment charges murder, while the other charges statutory assault.

McDonald is in Bloomington, Ind. When tola of the indictments, McDonald said: "I am not guilty." He said he was willing to return to Bedford to plead to the indictments.

ruption

Opposed to Any Primary.

## NEGRO LYNCHED FOR ATTEMPTED MURDER

(By Associated Press.)
MHENRY, MISS., March 14.—Word was received here this morning of the lynching of a regro by a mob at Saucier, a small town five miles south of this place, last night. The crime for which the negro met his fate was the attempted murder of a section foreman on the Howison Tram road.

## Railroad Wins in Texas.

(By Associated Press.)

AUSTIN, TEX., March 14.—The Supreme Court to-day held that railroads are entitled to right of way across the public domain in western Texas, though the fea remains in the State and the railroads hold subject to the rights of the State. The question is of considerable importance, as adverse decision would probably have stopped the building of the Orient and other roads.

Alleged Theft.

William Carey, alias Brack, is under arrest at the First Blation, on the charge of taking a lot of clothing belonging to Bebert Lomaz,

THE BOOK TELLS YOU HOW

THE BOOK TELLS YOU HOW
To the west to feel better,
you want in ore strength,
you see the meditor,
you can't do things like you used to,
you can't do things like you used to,
you can't do things like you used to,
you can't do things like you see to,
you can't do things like you see to,
you hoke your, cigar, yilality,
sontathing is eating away your constitue.

(Continued From First Page.)

along the lines of Martin and anti-Martin, nor even along the lines of anti-primary and pro-primary. On the contrary, the division is such that no significance can be attached to the vote on the bill. As a matter of fact, it is admitted by opponents of Senator Martin's re-election that had his supporters in the Senate of Virginia or in the General Assembly united to defeat a general primary plant they could have done so.

Primary Man Opposed It.

Senator Thomas, of Campbell, a fore-most friend of primaries, a member of the May Conference of 1899 and a stren-uous contender for the maintenance and

It something is eating dway you.

Ask me by igter for the book.

Ask me by igter for the book.

Ask me bell you of a man take the risk.

Let me tell you of a man take the risk.

It is not a monty if the property of a monty if the second of the course of the men tell you of a monty if you say, "I am no other with a penny-if you say," I am no not to make the penny-if you say," I am no own might be prejudiced.

You, you alone, shall say the word, whether you pay is 50 or nothing. The drugsist can't complain. He is to bill the cest to me at your ay so.

said that others than himself had fa-voind the bill even after its amendment by the House.

Art, Sale, of Norrolk city, also stated his opposition to the amended bill to be due Mr. Sale, of Norfolk city, also stated his opposition to the ainended bill to be due to the provision in the measure leaving the choice of election officers to the colory or dity committees. He referred to conditions in his none city, and expressed the opinion that it would be monstrous to permit the city committee to choose the officers after the disclosures just made in the recent primary conducted by a partisan committee.

Mr. Phiegar for the Bill.

Senator Phiegar, of Mongomery, spoke on the question of construction of the rules when the matter of the legality of concurrence was under discussion, but he

rules when the matter of the legality of concurrence was under discussion, but he did not have an opportunity to speak as to the merits or demerits of the amended bill, if he had desired to do so. His fight to reach a vote on the bill and the trend of several questions he asked of other speakers, indicated that he was favorable to the bill, even as amended.

Nearly all the other senators had left the city Saturday night or Sunday, and so their expressions could not be secured. It is reported that Senator Walker is among those who expressed the opinion that the defeats pointed out by Mr. Tavenner and others were serious, if not fatal, to the bill. purplain. He is to hill the cost to the At your year.

The Dr. Shoop's Rattorative at my risk. Not a penny if it talk.

Not a penny if it talk.

It's a two-cont stamp-or a postal-against \$6.50, helr cost, Don't you hegin to believe the restorative-and or mething unusual for the lek? I have found, long ago, how certain it show spidnen it calls on it. And the cost, I have found in a single property of the medicine, to I know, and I want vivu o know. This is my way out alming your need to there of my and it that way, it's pay, nyway with them. Ask me for the hock you out. heed.
Write me. Now-to-day.
Simply state which Book 2 oft the Boart, book 900 want and no dddress Dr. Shoop. Book 4 on the Ridneys.
Box \$253, Racins. Book 6 or Mon (seale).
Wis.
Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured with one or two bottles. At druggists.

Senator Fulton's Attitude.

Senator M. J. Fulton, of Warren, when asked what he thought of the defeat of the bill, replied that he did not know, but was of opinion that the failure of that measure would be injurious to those who opposed it. He said that in giving the bill his support he was supporting principles and measures, and not men; that in his section of the State there was a strong demand for party nominations by the people, and that they not only wanted to elect their candidates, but they wanted to solect them. He said that this had been an issue during his candidacy for nomination, and that he thought his success was largely due to his advocacy of nomination of party candidates directly by the people. "The tendency of the laws enacted for the past several years in Virginia," said he, "had been to place local self-government largely in the hands of the circuit courts, the judges and boards, and to create a government of bureaucracy. This is a growing evil to be reckoned with, and the people of Virginia are awakening to the dangers that may flow "In my section of the State," continued Senator Fulton's Attitude.

awakening to the dangers that hay from it."

"In my section of the State," continued the senator, "the population is almost entirely white, and the people are all born and reared Virginians. The right of local self-government is sacred to them, and I would say that any one who is opposed to the right of these people to nominate and elect their candidates is making a serious and fatal political blunder.

in the Senate of Virginia or in the General Assembly united to defeat a general primary plan, they could have done so, and done so on a full vote, without having resort to a fillbuster. As a matter of opinion, it is the view of various senators that the bill could not have passed the Senate as it had been amended, even had a vote been reached.

Finally, the impression appears to be that even the friends of a general primary bill were much divided on this measure. Almost all of the senators, Mr. Machen himself included, admit that the bill, as argended, was defective, and that its passage would have been a victory of doubtful value. The only difference of view is as to whether the defects of the measure, as amended, were so great as to make its defeat preferable to its passage. Mr. Machen ald not desire to see the bill defeated, believing that the defects were exaggerated, but when the result had been accomplished he accepted it, and expressed the view that when the result had been accomplished he accepted it, and expressed the view that it was perhaps better, viewing the matter from his standpoint, that the bill, as amended, did not get through, for the reason that had its operation developed that the defects were serious he would have had to bear the odium of patron of an objectionable measure. He did not believe the provisions of the bill made such a fertile apportunity for fraud and bribery as the opponents of concurrence contended.

Government by Bureau,

"If I were called on to name the evil
that threatens us most now. I would
say it was government by bureaus and
the control of legislative bodies through
its ally, corporations. The failure to enact
a primary law is simply withholding
from the people the right to legally express their preferences for the men they
want to serve them in public office

"The Machen primary election bill was
simply the outgrowth and expression of
the sentiment in this State for the nominations of candidates by the people, of
the people and for the people. The principles underlying the bill were manifestly just and proper, and in the interest
of the people. The bill was introduced
in the Senate and passed that body by a
good majority. It went to the House and
passed that body by a good majority,
with some amendments added. The bill
them-game to the Senate for its concurrence or non-concurrence in the House
amendments. The opponents of the
measure made a motion to pass sthe bill
by. The motion was defeated by

measure made a motion to pass the bill by. The motion was defeated by a vote of 19 to 15. Then it was that the apponents of the measure undertook to defeat it by speaking against it until the Senate adjourned, and in this they succeeded, but the voting clearly demonstrated that a majority of both branches of the General Assembly favored the principles of primary election, and thus while the bill was defeated by being talked to death by the minority, the entire fight was a victory for the people and for primary elections.

What the Journal Shows

## What the Journal Shows.

What the Journal Shows.

"An examination of the Senate journal will show that the same men who led the fight and spoke against the House amendments to the bill on the ground that they were objectionable, voted against the bill on its passage by the Senate before the House amendments were added.

"It was unfortunate that the leading Montague men in the Senate should have favored the bill, while the leading Murtin men were opposed to it, and that the matter should apparently have thus taken a political turn. In this connection I deem it proper to say that regardless of men or candidates, I favor legalizing primary elections, so that when a primary is held it can be regulated and controlled by a uniform aw as other elections are, and that we can have a full and free expression of the will of the

did me an injustice in to me stude on the bill, an injustice not to me stude on the bill, an injustice not to me so speaking with great emphasis, Senator Barksdale said: "As a matter of fact, I had no intimation or knowledge us to Senator Marth's attitude in regard to the bill. I have no idea of the views of the interest in the read, i will say that I believe that if Senator Marth to had objected to the bill I would have ay had the state of the bill I would have full result in the people taking this matter in their own hands and in a victory for the principles underlying the bill.

Vote on the Bill.

Vote on the Machen with Senate on its Senator Martin's attended in regard of the bill. I have no idea of the views of that rentherance is in read. I will say that I believe that if Senator Martin had objected to the bill I would have a been senator from Virginia has never asked me to vote for or against any man or measure before the General Assembly, but from my relations with him as his friend and supporter. I think I may say without egotism that I would have been approached on the subject, if anybody had been.

"The opposition to the bill was made up both of opponents and advocates of Senator Martin's most ardent friends.
"In opposing this bill as amended I represented and expressed my own views. I believe the bill was radically wrong and that to enact it would be an invitation to fraud, and would be to open and to make the way plain for bribery and corruption.

Vote on the Bill.

Among these who voted for the Machen bill when it came up in the Senate on its passage were Mr. A. C. Harman, of this city; Mr. Mann, Mr. McIlwaine, Mr. Sadler and Mr. Sale, who are generally regarded as supporters of Senator Martin for re-election.

Here is the full vote on the measure when it came up in the Senate on Wednesday on its passage:

Ayes—Messrs, Anderson, Ford, Fulton, Greear, Gurter, A. C. Harman, Hutcheson, Machen, Mann, McIlwaine, Philegar, Revercomb, Sadler, Sale, Sears, Shands, Thomas, Turner and Walker—19.

Noes—Messrs, Barksdale, Bryant, Byars, Campbell, Chapman, Cromwell, Garrett, Hobbs, Keezell, Massle, Rison, Shackelford, St. Clair, Tavenner and Walkace.—15.

## CAUGHT AT LAST.

## Negro Fugitive Came Back and Was Arrested.

George Gray was arrested.

George Gray was arrested last night on the charge of having cut Lercy Honderson with an ice pick on Cotober 7th Since that time he has been in hiding, but the minute he showed himself the police nubbed him, and he will have to explain about it this morning to Justice Crutchfield.

## IMPORTANT ARRESTS.

Opposed to Any Primary.

Continuing, the speaker declared that he, personally, was opposed to the primary system, because he honestly believed that it would eventually distract and finally destroy the Democratic party. He attributed the vote of the Ropublican senators to this belief on their part, and called it good politics from their standpoint. While opposed to any primary plan for the reasons assigned, he desired to have the least objectionable one possible, if he had to see one adopted at all. "Of course," said he, "If the Democratic party in convention declared for a primary, I would submit to the will of the majority."

Senator Joseph P. Sadler, of Powhalan, in conversation with a reporter for The Times-Dispatch yesterday, stated that he was a warm friend and supporter of Senator Martin for re-election, but he favored and desired to vote for concurrence in the amended Machen bill, and would have done so, had he had the opportunity. He did not attribute the failure of the bill to the friends of Senator Martin, and Three Negroes Believed to be Much-Wanted Hold-Up Artists. Aways Remember the Kull Name Laxative Bromo Quinine Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

6. The Some in it

## CARULINA PORTLAND CEMENT CO., Sole Distributors of

Highest Grade American Portland, Guarantee Superior to Any American Portland Made.

Also Full Stock of German and Belgian Cements at Baltimore, Newport News and other ports. WRITE FOR OUR PRICES.

A NNUAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 81, 1903, OF THE CONDITION AND AFFAIRS OF THE TRADERS INSURANCE COMPANY, OF CHICAGO,
ORUANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, MADE TO THE
AUDITOR OF FIBRIC ACCOUNTS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA, IN PUBSUANCE TO THE LAWS OF VIRGINIA.
President—THUS 4. LIMPENS.
Bucretary—S. A. HOTHERMEL.
Principal Office—160 LA SALLE STREET.
Organized of Incorporated—Feirluary, 1866.
Commenced Business—MAY, 1872.

CAPITAL.

ASSETS.

Total value of said mortgaged premises (carried inside) ..... \$702,425 00

BONDS AND STOCKS OWNED ABSOLUTELY BY THE COMPANY. United States 4 per cent, bonds, registered, due 1925....\$

United States 2 ner cent, bonds, due 1939....\$

United States 2 ner cent, bonds, due 1939....\$

Atchison, Topeks and Santa Fe, lixilway per cent, debenture bonds, due 1904....

Topeks and Santa Fe, lixilway per cent, debenture bonds, due 1904...

The Ballway general mortgage of the state of the 49,437 50 NO.000 00 80,000 00 50,000 00 10,000 00 10,000 00 49,500 00 50,000 00 28,400 00 20,000 00 19,000 00 20,000 00 94,000 🝩 100,000 00 94.000 00 94,090 13,700 00 Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolls and Omaha Rallway,
common stock
Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolls and Omaha Rallway,
Chicago and Alton Hailroad preferred stock
Deaver and Rio Grande Rallroad stock
Lillunds Central Rallroad stock
Clicago City Rallway stock
North Chicago Street Rallroad stock
Corn Exchange National Stock
Corn Exchange National Bank stock
Corn Exchange National Bank stock
Union National Bank stock
Union National Bank stock
Western Adjustment and Inspection Co., stock
Chicago and Northwestern Rallway
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Rallway 5 per
cont. bonds

Union realization Town of Cicero Warrauts
Town of Cicero Warrauts
Western Adjustment and Inspection Co., stock.
Chicago and Northwestern Italiway.
Chicago, Rock Island and I'scilic Railway 4 per
cent. bonds
Central Pacific Railway, general 4 per cent. bonds...
Richanond, Va., city bonds...
Northern I'scific Railway, prior lien 4 per cent. bonds. Total par and market value carried out at 81.794.851 \$5 \$2.081.827 40 \$2

Aggregate amount of all assets of the company, stated at their actual value .... \$2,774,605 01 

Net amount of unpaid losses. \$ 117,975.71

Gross premiums received and receivable upon all unexpired fire risks rusning one year or less from date of policy, including interest, premiums on perpetual fire risks, \$1,027,400-48; unearned premiums
(5G per cent.).

Gross premiums received and receivable upon all unexpired fire risks ruaning more than one year from date of policy, \$975,239.32; unearned premiums (pro rate).

641,016 13

Total amount of all liabilities, except capital stock and net surplus. \$1,107.805 47 500,000 00 it stock cupital actually paid up in cash. 500,000 01 lias beyond capital and all other liabilities. 1,076,500 48 Aggregate amount of all liabilities, including paid up capital stock and net

RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR. Gross premiums and bills unpaid at close of last year, collected...... \$ 174,076 98 Gross premiums on risks written and renewed during the year....... 2.003,161 00 

Net cash actually received for premiums.

Received for interest on mortgages, licereived for interest and dividends on stocks and bonds, collateral loans, and from all other sources, lacome received from all other sources.

Aggregate amount of receipts actually received during the year in cash ....... \$1,510,873 98 DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE YEAR. Fire.

Oross amount actually paid for losses (including \$138,195,12 losses occurring in previous years)

Peduct init amounts actually received for salrage (whether on losses of the last or of previous years) \$3,00,23, and all amounts actually received for reinsurance in other companies, \$127,038.70.

130,669 05

Aggregate amount of actual disbursements during the year, in cash. ........... \$1,272,948 23 State of Illinois, city of Chicago-88: Sworn to January 22, 1904, before E. S. WHITTLESEY, Notary Public.

Our Losses in the Baltimore Fire—estimated, \$170,000.00 Cash in Bank February 8, 1904. - - - \$264,000.00

# CHAS. K. WILLIS, Resident Agent,

## No. I NORTH HINTH STREET (News-Leader Building.)

had pawned a coat belonging to Fred Wilson, which was taken from him on the night of March 8th, near the same

In the case of Perkins, the negroes asked him the time, and when he pulled out his watch it was grabbed and the thieves ran off.

Wilson was knocked down and his overcoat and sack coat taken.

It is thought that the negroes are the same that have been doing this class of work for a long time.

## FORTIFICATIONS BILL.

Day in the Senate Taken Up With Its Discussion.

Much-Wanted Hold-Up Artists.

In William Hill, alias Kid; George Hunt and George Lambert, the police feel that they have a trio of hold-up artists for whom they have been looking long and carnestly.

The three were in the Police Court yes. The three were in the Police Court yes. Perkins late Saturday night, near Twenticth and Main Streets, and taking a watch from him. They were sent to the grand fury.

The police yesterday learned that Hill is not marked. The loss was total; amounting to not more than \$1,000.

Jackson and 18 o'clock. The loss was total; amounting to not more than \$1,000.

Jackson and his family were on their than the police feel fortifications appropriation bill was he for the provision for the purchase of a submarine boat of a designated type taking up the entire session. It was favored by Mossrs. Cockvent that a designated type taking up the entire session. It was favored by Mossrs. Cockvent that Main Streets, and taking a watch from him. They were sent to the grand fury.

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periments, with submarine boats and usurping what they alleged to be a naval function.

Mr. Daniel offered an amendment to the bill, reducing to \$200,000 the authorized expenditure for a submarine boat, but it was not acted on before adjournment.

## MIDNIGHT FIRE.

Store and Dwelling Burned to the Ground, With Total Loss. The store and dwelling, No. 1816 East Leigh Street, owned and occupied by

colored man named Branch Jackson, was destroyed by fire last night between 11:15 and 12 o'clock. The loss was total;

## West, extends facilities at rates which smaller banks can not afford. The expense of handling a large, well systematized business is also less in proportion than that of a smaller institution. THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

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First National Bank

OF RICHMOND, VA.

Paid in Capital ..........\$600,000.00

Loans...... 4,500,000.00

This is the largest bank between Washington and New Orleans, and by reason of its large volume of busi-

ness and favorable connections North, South, East and

in addition to the large business of its Richmond patrons, handles, BY MAIL, hundreds of accounts for Merchants, Manufacturers, Corporations, Individuals and Banks throughout Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia.

We invite personal interviews or correspondence from

VIRGINIUS NEWTON, President. JOHN M. MILLER, Jr., Vice-President and Cashler, CHAS. R. BURNETT, Assistant Cashier.

J. C. JOPLIN, Assistant Cashler.